



**DUBAI GRAND
INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL**
SUCCESS IN BOTH WORLDS

*Model
Test
Paper*

*Grade V
Session: 2023-24*

English

Max. Marks: 40

Section A: READING COMPREHENSION

1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

Beaver waited there until the tide went out and then, quickly, she buried each and every one of those clams in the sand. The clams were outraged! When Bear came down to walk along the beach one of the clams opened its mouth to complain about Beaver. But as soon as it did, sand and water ran in. The clam sputtered and spat out in the water. Again, it opened its mouth, but as soon as it did, the sand and water ran into it, and all the poor clam could do was spit out the water and close its mouth.

a. What is the name of the chapter from which the passage has been taken?

Ans: _____

b. Who opened its mouth to complaint about the Beaver?

Ans: _____

c. What happened to the mouth of the clams when the water entered?

Ans: _____

d. Could poor clams spit out the water or not?

Ans: _____

e. What is the moral of the story?

Ans: _____

(1×5=5)



2. Read the versus given below and answer the questions that follow.

*Then took the other, as just as fair,
And having perhaps the better claim,
Because it was grassy and wanted wear;
Though as for that the passing there
Had worn them really about the same,*

1. Name the poem from which these verses have been taken?

Ans: _____

2. Which road did the boy choose?

Ans: _____

3. Has anybody walked on this road or not before?

Ans: _____

4. What is the meaning of 'wanted wear'?

Ans: _____

(1.5×4=6)

3. Read the following stanza and do this summary verse - wise.

*And both that morning equally lay
In leaves no step had trodden black.
Oh, I kept the first for another day!
Yet knowing how way leads on to way,
I doubted if I should ever come back.*



(1×2=2)

Section B: WRITING

- 4. Write a paragraph in your own words on ‘Game Addiction’. (write in about 50 words)** (1×3=3)

Ans: _____

- 5. Carve out your views on ‘My Excogitate For Winter Break’ bases on your own savoir faire. (Write in about 50-70 words)** (1×3=3)

Note: ‘Excogitate’ means ‘plans’ and ‘savoir faire’ means ‘experiences and ability to survive and speak’.



Section C: Literature

6. Answer the following questions.

a. If you were at the poet's place which road would have you chosen?

Ans: _____

b. What is imagery?

Ans: _____

c. Describe the aliens.

Ans: _____

d. How did alien help Allan teletransport? How was the experience?

Ans: _____

e. How did the thieves enter the house?

Ans: _____

(2×5=10)

Section D: Grammar

7. Fill in the blanks based on the information you have accumulated related to collocations:

a. A collocation is two or more words that



1. Often go together
 2. Have similar meanings
 3. Must be used together
- b. Collocations sound “right” to native English speakers because they
1. Sound unnatural
 2. Are rarely used
 3. Are often used
- c. If you learn and use many collocations, your English will sound
1. More unusual
 2. More grammatical
 3. More natural
- d. Which is a very common collocation?
1. Quick food
 2. Fast food
 3. Rapid food
- e. Complete the collocation: “I was running late so I only had time for a _____ shower.”
1. Short
 2. Quick
 3. Fast
- f. It’s best for learners to think of collocations as being single
1. Parts of speech
 2. Blocks of language
 3. Rules of grammar
- g. Collocations can be divided into several types such as _____ collocations.
1. Verb + noun
 2. Subject + object
 3. First + second



h. Which is an example of a verb + noun collocation?

1. A terrible mistake
2. Commonly mistaken
3. Make a mistake

(8×0.5=4)

8. Give the meanings of the following idioms and use them in your own sentences.

a. Break a leg

b. Under the weather

c. A piece of cake

d. The ball is in your court

(4×0.5=2)

9. Fill in the blanks using appropriate preposition.

a. This shop doesn't have the toys I was looking _____ . (up/for)

b. The teacher divided the sweets _____ all the children. (between/among)

c. Bruce did not fare well _____ his examination. (in/at)

d. The dog is grateful _____ its owner. (to/for)

e. My brother's anniversary is _____ 5th November. (on/in)

(1×5=5)

Mathematics

Max. Marks: 40

Section A

(14 marks)

Q1. Multiple choice questions.

1. What is the basic unit for measuring length in the metric system?
 - a. Inches
 - b. Centimeters
 - c. Meters
2. If a bottle contains 500 milliliters of water, how many liters is this equivalent to?
 - a. 0.05 liters
 - b. 0.5 liters
 - c. 5 liters
3. A small notebook has a mass of 250 grams. What is its mass in kilograms?
 - a. 0.025 kg
 - b. 0.25 kg
 - c. 2.5 kg
4. If you represent the number of apples in each basket using a bar graph, what will be on the vertical axis?
 - a. Basket
 - b. Number of apples
 - c. Color
5. 250g is equal to
 - a. 25g
 - b. 0.250Kg
 - c. 250Kg
 - d. 250mg
6. 1Ltr is equal to



- a. 10KLtr
- b. 1dLtr
- c. 1000ml
- d. 100 Daltr

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

1. Graph which represents data in the shape of a circle is called _____
2. The length of a football field is measured in _____.
3. A _____ is a visual representation of data where different categories or groups are represented by rectangular bars of different lengths.
4. 3Kg is equal to _____ Grams.

Q3. True or False.

1. The basic unit for measuring weight in the metric system is the kilogram. [T/F]
2. The number of times an observation occurs in our data is called its frequency. [T/F]
3. We use tally marks in making frequency tables. [T/F]
4. 2Ltr is equal to _____ CLtr. [T/F]

Section B (Attempt any 5)

(10 marks)

Q4. Reasoning and Assertion.

Instructions:

- Read each assertion and reasoning carefully.
- Evaluate whether the reasoning provides a valid explanation for the assertion.
- Choose the correct option based on your evaluation.

Assertion: The metric system is based on powers of 10, which simplifies conversions and calculations.

Reasoning: In the metric system, each unit is a multiple or fraction of 10, making it easy to convert between different units.



- a. Both the assertion and reasoning are true, and the reasoning is a valid explanation of the assertion.
 - b. Both the assertion and reasoning are true, but the reasoning is not a valid explanation of the assertion.
 - c. The assertion is true, but the reasoning is false.
 - d. Both the assertion and reasoning are false.
-
-

Q5. Assertion: A bar graph is an effective way to compare the popularity of different ice cream flavors among students.

Reasoning: Bar graphs visually represent the quantities in different categories, making it easy to compare the data at a glance.

- a. Both the assertion and reasoning are true, and the reasoning is a valid explanation of the assertion.
 - b. Both the assertion and reasoning are true, but the reasoning is not a valid explanation of the assertion.
 - c. The assertion is true, but the reasoning is false.
 - d. Both the assertion and reasoning are false.
-
-

Q6. Convert 1478 m into hm.

Q7. Add 3 km 5 hm + 98 hm 9 dam.



Q8. Following are the credit points (1 to 5) of a set 30 students. Express the data in tabular form using tally marks.

5	4	5	4	5	2	1	3	2	3
2	1	5	1	4	5	2	4	3	1
3	5	4	2	3	1	5	3	4	5

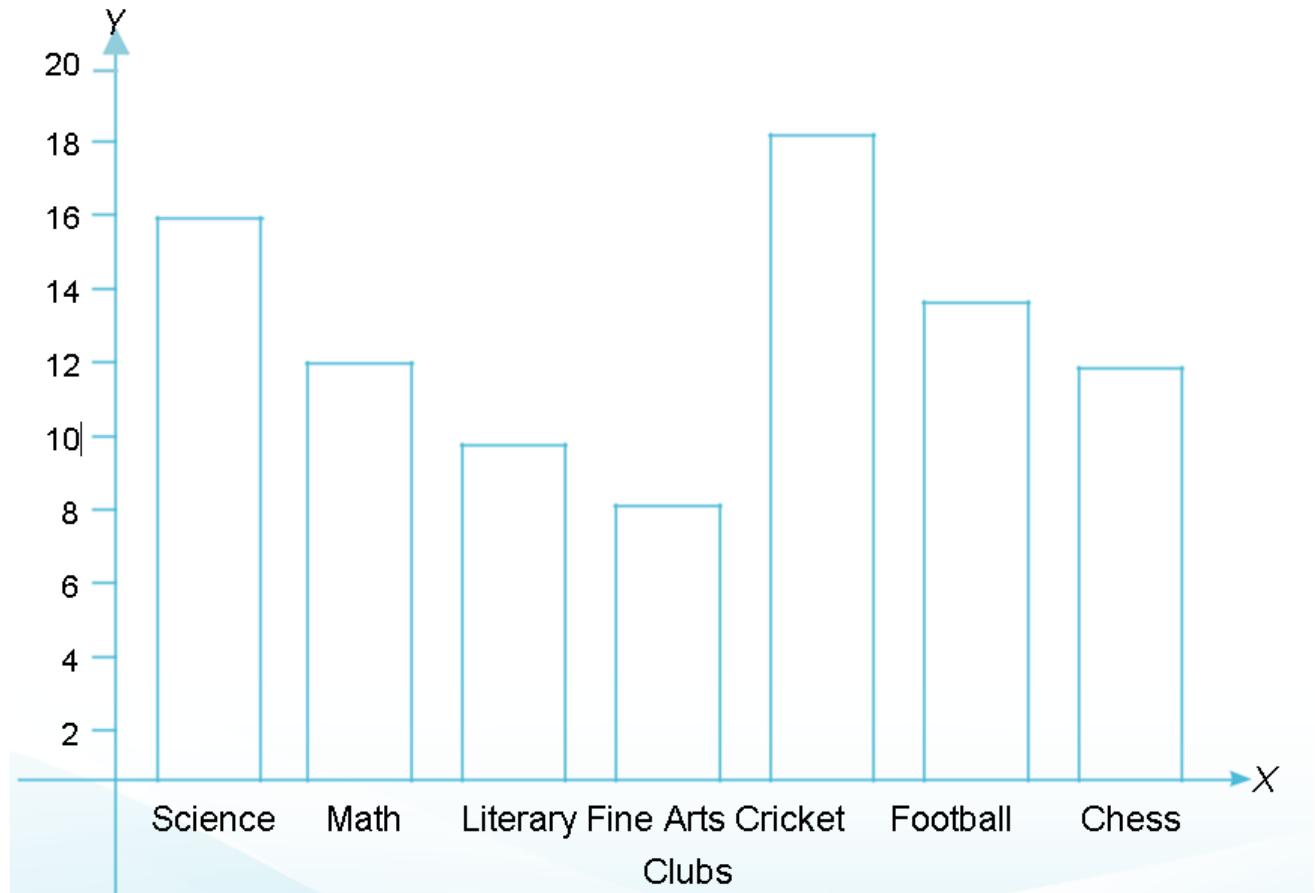
Q9. Multiply the following:

$$2\text{kg } 560\text{g} \times 7$$

Section C

(16 marks)

Q10. Given below is a bar graph on the number of students enrolled in various clubs.



Read the graph carefully and answer the given questions.

- Identify the club with the maximum number of students.
- Find the number of students in Math club.
- How many more students are there in Cricket club than in chess club?
- Identify the clubs with more than 10 students in them.
- Order the clubs by enrolments from the highest to the lowest.

OR

**Monthly expenditure of a family on grocery items of the last six months is given here.
Draw a bar graph to the represent given data.**



Month	May	June	July	August	September	October
Expense	3000	2500	4000	6500	5000	8900

Q11. The number of employees of a certain department of a company who travel by different modes of transport is given below.

Mode of transport	Number of people
Two-wheeler	36
Car	20
Bus	4
Metro	40

- a. Draw a bar graph to represent the above data and answer the following questions.
- b. What is the most preferred mode of transport?
- c. What is the least preferred mode of transport?



d. Find the ratio of the number of people who travel by car to the number of people who travel in metro.

OR

Sujoy wants to give an ice cream of their own choice to each of his 24 friends on his birthday. He noted down their choice as follows:

Vanilla, Chocolate, Mango, Strawberry, Chocolate, Vanilla, Strawberry, Mango, Vanilla, Strawberry, Chocolate, Orange, Vanilla, Mango, Strawberry, Black current, Orange, Chocolate, Mango, Orange, Strawberry, Mango, Strawberry, Black current

Q12. Complete the frequency distribution table using tally marks.

Observation	Tally marks	Frequency
Vanilla		
Chocolate		
Mango		
Strawberry		
Black current		
Orange		

Answer the following questions.

- a. Which observation occurs the most?
- b. Which observation occurs the least?
- c. What is the frequency of mango flavour?



Q13. Solve the following:

$$2 \text{ kg } 560 \text{ g} \times 7$$

OR

$$83 \text{ kL } 7 \text{ hL} \div 9$$

Q14. Compare the following using <, > or =.

a. $116.53 \text{ cg} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 1.1653 \text{ hg}$

b. $11 \text{ km} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 11000000 \text{ mm}$

OR

a. $16 \text{ L } 125 \text{ mL} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.16125 \text{ daL}$

b. $5 \text{ g } 30 \text{ cg} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.0053 \text{ hg}$



Science

Max. Marks: 40

Q1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs).

(6×1=6)

1. What is the primary cause of air pollution?
 - a. Plant growth
 - b. Human activities
 - c. Rainfall
 - d. Volcanic eruptions
2. Which of the following is a renewable resource?
 - a. Coal
 - b. Solar energy
 - c. Natural gas
 - d. Petroleum
3. What does deforestation mean?
 - a. Planting more trees
 - b. Cutting down trees
 - c. Watering plants
 - d. Building houses in forests
4. What is the largest satellite launched by India is:
 - a. GSAT-12
 - b. GSAT-13
 - c. GSAT-17
 - d. GSAT-19
5. Solar eclipse occurs in which time?
 - a. Day
 - b. Night
 - c. Evening

- d. None of these
6. The temperature of the earth has increased by about?
- a. 1-2° f
 - b. 2-3° f
 - c. 4-5° f
 - d. 5-7° f

Q2. True/False Statements.

(6×1=6)

1. The Moon is larger than the Earth. (True/False)
2. The Moon does not have an atmosphere. (True/False)
3. The gravitational pull of the Moon causes ocean tides on Earth. (True/False)
4. Edwin Aldrin was the first man who stepped on the moon (True /False)
5. Craters are present on the surface of Earth (True /False)
6. Speakers produce sound (True/False)

Q3. Fill in the Blanks.

(4×1=4)

1. The Moon takes approximately _____ days to orbit the Earth.
2. The dark, flat areas on the Moon's surface are called _____.
3. The Moon reflects the light of the _____.
4. _____ is known to be earth's most abundant greenhouse gas.

Q4. Assertive reasoning:

(1×1=1)

Direction for the question, in each question given below there are two statements marked A for assertions and R for reason mark your as per code.

Assertion: Deforestation is one main factor contributing to global warming.

Reason: Besides CO₂, methane and CFCs are also greenhouse gases.

1) A

Both A and R are true and R explains A

2) B

Both A and R are true and R does not explain A

3) C

A is true and R is false

4) D

Both A and R are false

Q5. Match the following questions.

(4×1=4)

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| i. Day 7 | Gibbous moon |
| ii. Day 1 | New moon |
| iii. Day 3 | Half-moon |
| iv. Day 10 | Crescent moon |

Q6. Give one word answer. (From between the lines)

(4×1=4)

1. Water exerts which kind of force?

2. What is force?

3. What is energy?

4. Name two types of mechanical forces?

Q7. Answer the following questions in 20-30 words.

(4×2.5=10)

1. What is acid rain?

2. Name some sources of noise pollution?



3. What were the first words of Neil Armstrong when he first stepped on moon?

4. What is solar eclipse?

5. What is global warming?

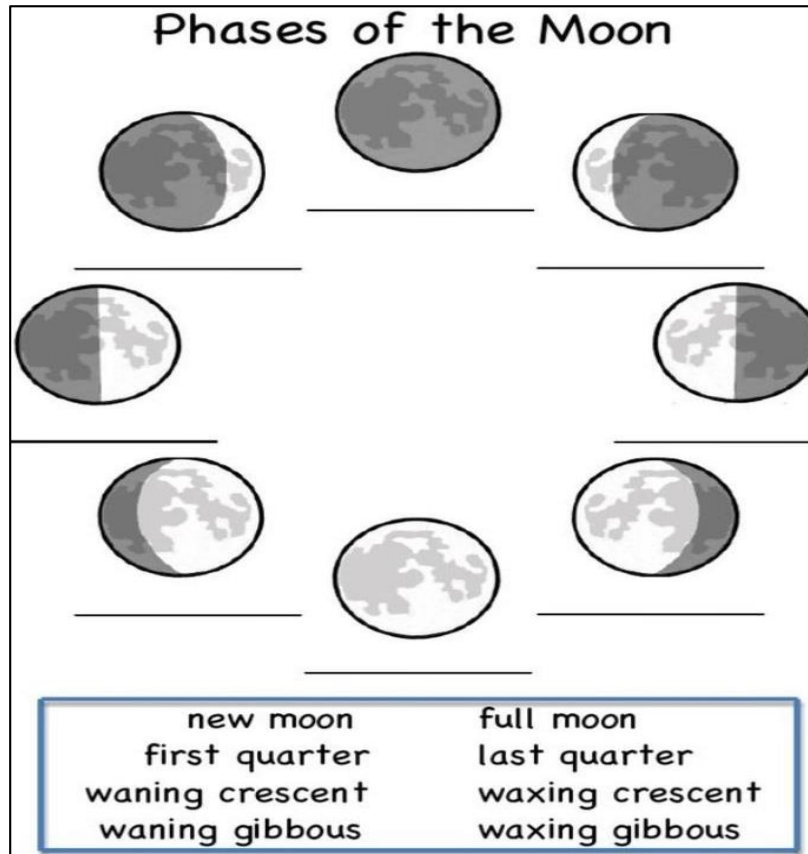
Q8. Answer the following questions in 50-80 words.

(1×5=5)

1. How can we prevent pollution of air and water?

OR

With the help of diagram Name and Explain the five phases of moon?



Social Science

Max. Marks: 40

Q1. Multiple choice questions.

(6×1=6)

1. The battle of Plassey took place in
 - a. 1757
 - b. 1857
 - c. 1957
2. The partition of Bengal was announced in
 - a. 1901
 - b. 1903
 - c. 1905
3. The Dandi March started in
 - a. 1920
 - b. 1940
 - c. 1930
4. Jai Hind was called out by
 - a. Balgangadhar Tilak
 - b. Mahatma Gandhi
 - c. Subhash Chandra Bose
5. The President of India is elected for a period of
 - a. Ten years
 - b. Seven years
 - c. Five years
2. Assembly elections in India are held after every?
 - a. Eight years
 - b. Seven years
 - c. Five years

Q2. State true or false.

(4×1=4)

1. The three-tier system of government in India consists of the Central, State, and Local levels.
2. Panchayats are part of the local self-government at the grassroots level in India.
3. India being the large country is divided into 24 states and 9 union territories.
4. The UN has eight main organs.

Q3. Fill in the blanks.

(6×1=6)

1. The UN has _____ organs.
2. _____ was the President of USA, when UN was formed.
3. India's freedom agreement was signed on _____.
4. The full form of FAO is _____.
5. Gandhi was arrested during _____ movement.
6. The number of permanent members of the UN is _____.

Q4. Direction for the question, in each question given below there are two statements marked A for assertions and R for reason mark your as per code.

(2×1=2)

- 1) Both A and R are true and R explains A.
- 2) Both A and R are true and R does not explain A
- 3) A is true and R is false
- 4) Both A and R are false

1. Statement (A): The Salt March of 1930 was a significant event in India's fight for freedom.

Reason(R): By marching to the Arabian Sea to produce salt in defiance of British salt laws, Gandhi and his followers symbolized resistance and civil disobedience.

2. Statement(A): The Jallianwala Bagh massacre had a profound impact on the Indian independence movement.

Reason(R): The brutal incident, where British troops opened fire on a peaceful gathering in Amritsar in 1919, fueled anti-colonial sentiments and increased demands for independence.

Q5. Match the columns.

(4×1=4)

- | | |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| a. 1857 | Simon Commission |
| b. 1947 | Declaration of Independence |
| c. 1946 | Revolt against Britishers |
| d. 1905 | India wins Freedom |

Q6. Give one word answer. (From between the lines)

(4×1=4)

1. Who discovered a new sea route to India in 1498?

2. In which year did British East India Company established it's rule in many parts of India?

3. Gave the slogan "do or die"?

4. Who was the first woman Prime Minister of Independent India?

Q7. Answer the following questions in 20-30 words.

(3×2.5=7.5)

1. What is the function of General Assembly?



Q9. Match each continent with its name.

(1×1.5=1.5)



South America



Europe



Africa



North America



Antartica



Australia



Asia



Information Technology

Max. Marks: 40

Q1. Long answer type questions. (Do any three)

(3x5=15)

1. Explain how to attach files to emails.

2. What is the structure of an email address?

3. What is an antivirus software? Give some examples of antivirus software.



4. Discuss how we can protect a computer from Malware.

5. How can a computer get infected with a virus?

Q2. Short answer type questions.

(3x3=9)

1. Define worm.



2. What are the advantages of email?

3. Define virus.

Q3. Fill in the blanks.

(5x1=5)

1. An email address contains the _____ and the domain name of the server separated by the '@' symbol.
2. A _____ can allow other people to remotely control your computer.
3. Unwanted email sent to numerous people is known as _____ mail.
4. A _____ can attach itself to files and spread when files are transferred.
5. The _____ displays a list of received emails.

Q4. True or false.

(8x1=8)

1. Sending an email is cheap as compared to sending a mail by post. _____
2. A worm can spread on its own. _____
3. You can create an email account for free. _____
4. Emails take a long time to reach the recipient. _____
5. Virus, worms or trojan horses are all software that harm the computer in some or the other way. _____



- 6. You cannot send a copy of the received email to other people. _____
- 7. Only Microsoft Word files can be sent as an attachment with an email. _____
- 8. Spam mails may contain viruses. _____

Q5. Multiple choice questions.

(3x1=3)

- 1. Which of the following statements is incorrect with respect to writing e-mails?
 - a. We cannot add more than one address in the 'To' field.
 - b. We can leave the 'BCC' field blank.
 - c. We can leave the 'CC' field blank.
 - d. The 'To' and 'CC' fields are often used interchangeably.
- 2. The _____ field indicates the sender's address i.e., who sent the e-mail.
 - a. BCC
 - b. From
 - c. To
 - d. Inbox
- 3. _____ option helps you to save an unfinished email without sending it.
 - a. Save as Draft
 - b. Inbox
 - c. Sent items
 - d. Trash

(ج) : باہو قلعہ کو کس راجا نے تعمیر کیا تھا؟

ج:

(د) : قلعہ باہو کن کے شاندار ماضی کی ایک زندہ مثال ہے؟

ج:

(ہ) : لفظ ایستادہ کا لغوی معنی کیا ہے؟

ج:

(و) : باہو قلعہ کے گرد و نواح میں کس نام سے ایک قصبہ آباد کیا گیا تھا؟

ج:

پارٹ (ب)

۴

سوال ۳: اشعار کو پڑھ کر مندرجہ ذیل سوالات کا مناسب جواب تحریر کیجیے۔

چرخ بریں پر چمکے تارے

بے روغن ہیں روشن سارے

جنگل سے گھر آئے گوالے

ریوڑ اپنا اپنا سنبھالے

سوالات:

(۱) یہ اشعار کس نظم سے لیے گئے ہیں؟

ج:

(ب) جنگل سے گھر واپس کون آئے؟

ج:

(ج) چرخ بریں پر کیا چمک رہے ہیں؟

ج:

(د) لفظ گوالے کا کیا معنی ہے؟

ج:

۴

سوال ۴ : مثالیں دے کر اسم ذات کی پہلی دو قسمیں تحریر کیجیے۔

ج:

سوال ۵ : درج ذیل سوالات کا مناسب جواب تحریر کیجیے۔

(ا) : میری کیوری کی شادی کس کے ساتھ ہوئی؟

ج:

(ب) : ڈاکٹر امید کر کن کے رہنما تھے؟

ج:

(ج) : باہو قلعہ کس نے تعمیر کروایا؟

ج:

(د) : نیند میں غافل کون ہو گئے ہیں؟

ج:

پارٹ (ج)

سوال ۶ : حسب ہدایت عمل کیجیے۔

(ا) : دیے گئے الفاظ کا معنی تحریر کیجیے۔

اندھیرا _____ گوالا _____ تاریکی _____ لوری _____

(ب) : واحد کی جمع تحریر کیجیے۔

گاڑی _____ روٹی _____ عمارت _____ بلی _____

(ج) : دیے گئے الفاظ کی ضد تحریر کیجیے۔

نیچے _____ دشمنی _____ نزدیک _____ کالا _____

(د) : مندرجہ ذیل الفاظ کا املا درست کیجیے۔

کلم _____ اعتاد _____ گاڑی _____ زمین _____

سوال ۷ : خالی جگہوں کو مناسب الفاظ سے پُر کیجیے۔

(ا) قلعہ باہو _____ نے تعمیر کیا تھا۔

(ب) لفظ "باغی" کا معنی _____ ہے۔

(ج) کام کرنے والے کو _____ کہتے ہیں۔

(د) اسم ذات کی _____ قسمیں ہیں۔

(ہ) راجا باہو لوچن کے ہاں کوئی ----- نہ تھی۔

سوال ۸ : کالم الف کے الفاظ کو کالم ب سے ملائیے۔

۳

<u>کالم (ب)</u>	<u>کالم (الف)</u>
نسل	ایستادہ
کھڑا	ونش
عظمت	کشکش
کوشش	بڑابی
مبہوت	اجالا
روشنی	حیران

(پرن تہ سچن)

☆ بوئے کنہ دینہ آمپڑ سطر پڑوغور سان تہ دینہ آمتن سوالن ہنڈ لیکھو جواب۔ (۶)

(۱)۔ صاف روزن چھ ضروری۔ امہ ستر چھ صحت وار روزان۔ جسم گڑھ صاف تھاؤن۔ دوہے گڑھ سران کرن، مس گڑھ شیرن۔ نم گڑھن کا ستر۔ پانہ صاف روزنہ ستر تہ گڑھ صاف تھاؤنہ ستر چھ انسان خوش روزان۔ دادو نش چھ بچان۔ اوئد پوکھ گڑھ صاف تھاؤن۔ ژھوٹھ گڑھنہ کوچن منز یا ہمسایہ سندر آنگہ نس کن دا رتھ دین۔ پلاسٹک، ٹینہ کھنچہ تہ رڈی کاغذ گڑھن دو بن منز سومبر اوئی۔ یمہ چیز وتن پٹھ یا آندری پکھ دأ رتھ دینہ ستر چھ ماحول اولو دسپدان۔ ٹیلی وچن تہ ریڈیو گڑھنہ زیاد تھد آواز منز بوئی، امہ ستر چھ ماحولس منز شور بچ اولو دگی ہران۔ کارخانو، گاڈو تہ ریلو منز نیرن وول دہہ تہ چھ ماحول اولو دکران۔

(۱)۔ صاف روزن کیا زچھ ضروری ؟

ج:-----

(۲)۔ سون صحت کتھ پاٹھک ہیکہ وار رو زتھ ؟

ج:-----

(۳)۔ انسان گڑھ خوش روزان ؟

ج:-----

(۴)۔ ٹینہ کھنچہ، پلاسٹک تہ رڈی کاغذ وتن پٹھ تراونہ ستر کیا ہوقصان چھ سپدان ؟

ج:-----

(۵)۔ ریڈیو تہ ٹیلی و جن کیا زگرہ سن نہ تھر آواز منز بوزنی ؟

(ج):

(۶)۔ ماحول کتھ پائٹھر چھ اولو دگرہان ؟

(ج):

(لیکھنٹ فن)

(۶)

☆ دینہ آمتن سوالن ہنڈ لیکھو تفصیلہ سان جواب ۔

(۱)۔ صاف روزنہ ستر کیا ہ فاید چھ ؟

(ج):

(۲)۔ لیل دید کمہ رڑ رڑ کتھ چھے ونمز ؟

(ج):

س ۳)۔ کانگر تپنہ ستر کیا ہ نو قضان چھ سپدان ؟

ج)۔:

(۳)

☆ دینہ آمتن لفظن ہندا معنی لیکھو ۔

لفظ	معنی
ہنگہ منگہ	
جیم	
اولود	
سورگہ واس	
آر	

☆ خالی جایہ بر و مناسب لفظو ستر ۔

(۳)

۱)۔ شہری علاقن منر چھن وئی کانگر ہندا استعمال۔۔۔۔۔ ہیو تممت سپدان۔

۲)۔ ہتھے کانگر تپنہ ستر چھے۔۔۔۔۔ پاد سپدان ۔

۳)۔ کانگر چھے ائہ کھنجو و ستر تہ نپ نپہ کرو و نو کا غذا تلمو ستر۔۔۔۔۔ یوان۔

۴)۔ نارس ووکھر کرنہ باپتھ چھے کانگر۔۔۔۔۔ پتر کنز ژالن یوان گنڈنہ۔

۵)۔ کانگر بناون وائلس کا سبس چھ۔۔۔۔۔ ونان ۔

(سجاونہ ، کاپس ، کم ، کانیل ، کہالت)

☆ نرناوتین مقابلہ لیکھو مادناوتی تہ مادناوتین مقابلہ لیکھو نرناوتی۔ (صرف ۶) (۳)

(داند ، گب ، مائز ، پوپھو ، ماس ، شال ، مقدم باے)

نرناوتی
مادناوتی

☆ بونہ کنہ دینہ آمثرن سطرن مژورتاونہ آمثرن لفظن ہندا املا گرو درست تہ مناسب آواز نشانہ تہ

ورتاؤکھ۔

(۳)

خداین چھ انصاف تمام ذواثرن پیٹھ شریچھ عتا کورمت۔ سوچنق تہ بولہ نک تاقت
چھنس دیتمت۔ یم دونوے طاقت پزن پزنہ تہ باکے ذواثرن ہندا پھاید خاتر کامہ
لاگڑ۔ انسان چھ ذیوستری بولان۔ امس پزن بولہ وڈ ضروری آداب تھاوڑی۔

(ج):

(۳)

☆ دینہ امتین لفظن ہندی ضد لیکھو۔ (صرف ۳)

تر: _____، ہیور: _____، موٹ: _____، دوچھن: _____

(۳)

☆ دینہ امتیو عنوانو منہ لیکھو ا کس عنوانس تحت اکھ موخصر نوٹ۔

لل دبد

کانگر ہندی فاید

(ج): _____



DUBAI GRAND SCHOOL INTERNATIONAL

مدرسة دُبائی جریند الدّولیه بسرینغر الکشمیر

الاختبار: المیقات الثّانی الارقام: ۴۰

الصّف: الخامس الوقت: الساعتان

المادّة: اللغة العربیة والدراسات الاسلامیة

دروس الاسلام

سوال نمبر ۱۔ مندرجہ ذیل اقتباس کو غور سے پڑھ کر سوالات کے جواب دیجیے:- (۱۰)

۱۔ اللہ تعالیٰ نے ہمیں زندگی عطا کی ہے لیکن اس کے لیے والدین کو ذریعہ بنایا اسی لیے اللہ تعالیٰ کے حقوق کے بعد سب سے زیادہ حق والدین کا ہوتا ہے۔

۲۔ کہا جاتا ہے کہ دہلی کے بادشاہ سلطان ناصر الدین محمود (وفات ۶۶۴ھ) کے ایک صاحب (درباری ساتھی) کا نام "محمد" تھا۔ بادشاہ اس سے ہمیشہ اسی نام سے پکارا کرتا۔ ایک روز ناصر الدین محمود نے اس مصاحب کو تاج الدین کہہ کر آواز دی۔
۱۔ ہمیں زندگی کس نے عطا کی ہے؟

۲۔ اللہ تعالیٰ نے ہمیں زندگی دینے کے لئے کس کو ذریعہ بنایا؟

۳۔ اللہ تعالیٰ کے حقوق کے بعد سب سے زیادہ حق کس کا ہے؟

صراط اللغة العربية

(١٠)

السؤال الاول: اجب عن الاسئلة الآتية:-

١- لماذا لا تذهب فاطمة إلى المدرسة غدا؟

٢- من سألت فاطمة وما سألت؟

٣- ماذا يأكلن في الفطور؟

٤- احفظت زميلا لها درس الامس ايضا؟

٥- احفظت فاطمة درس الامس؟

(٥)

السؤال الثاني: اكتب الرسالة إلى عميد المدرسة؟

